

NanoBRET™ TE Intracellular Kinase Assay

NanoLuc®-MELK Fusion TE Assay

NanoBRET™ Tracer: K-5 (1)

100X [Tracer]: 200μM in DMSO

Final [Tracer]: 2μM

Assay Category: High Window (2)

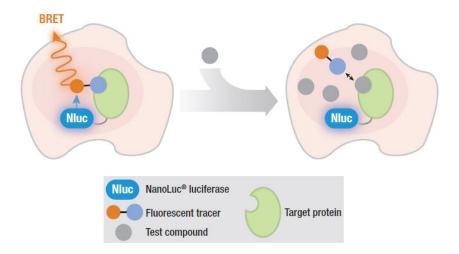
Z': 0.85

Materials Needed Cat. #

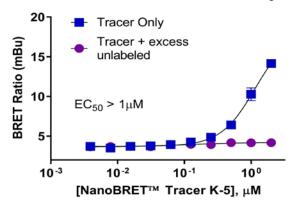
NanoLuc®-MELK Fusion
NV1741

Vector

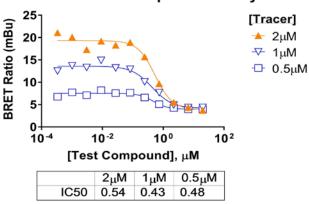
Kinase Assay, K-5 or N2530 (1)



NanoLuc-MELK Tracer Affinity



NanoLuc-MELK Compound Affinity



Representative data of NanoBRET™ Tracer K-5 competition in HEK293 cells transiently expressing NanoLuc®-MELK Top Panel: Overview of the NanoBRET™ TE Assay. Bottom Panels: HEK293 cells were first transfected with NanoLuc®-MELK Fusion Vector and then were subsequently resuspended in OptiMEM prior to seeding into 96-well plates: Bottom Left Panel: Tracer affinity was measured by treating the cells with increasing concentrations of tracer in the presence or absence of a molar excess of unlabeled compound. Bottom Right Panel: The affinity of the unlabeled compound was measured at multiple fixed concentrations of the tracer, where the IC50 at the recommended tracer concentration is depicted in orange (3).



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Notes:

- 1) NanoBRET™ Tracer K-5 is supplied within the NanoBRET™ TE Intracellular Kinase Assay, K-5 products (N2500, N2501, or N2530). Additional assay components are supplied within these kits, including the NanoBRET™ Nano-Glo® substrate, Extracellular NanoLuc® Inhibitor, tracer dilution buffer, and transfection carrier DNA. Additionally, BTK-NanoLuc® control vector is provided in products NV2500 and NV2501. For full details, please see the Promega website or technical manual for these products.
- 2) Assay category is defined by the assay window at the recommended tracer concentration. It is detailed in table 2 within the NanoBRET™ TE Intracellular Kinase Assay, K-5 technical manual.
- 3) See section 5 of NanoBRET™ TE Intracellular Kinase Assay, K-5 technical manual regarding approaches to improve quantitative analysis of test compound affinity.
- 4) NanoBRETTM TE Intracellular Assays have also been applied to Residence Time analysis. For a kinase example, please refer to Forster, M. *et al.* For an HDAC example please refer to Robers, M.B. *et al.*

References:

Robers, M.B. *et al.* (2015) Target engagement and drug residence time can be observed in living cells with BRET. *Nature Comm.* **6**, 10091.

Forster, M. *et al.* (2016) Selective JAK3 inhibitors with a covalent reversible binding mode targeting a new induced fit binding pocket. *Cell Chem. Biol.* **23**, 1335.

This protocol was developed by Promega Scientists and is intended for research use only.

Users are responsible for determining suitability of the protocol for their application.

Further information can be found in Technical Manual #TM520, available at: www.promega.com/protocols