

VRK2, Active

Recombinant human protein expressed in Sf9 cells

Catalog # V02-11G-10

Lot # 1301-3

Product Description

Recombinant human VRK2 (1-375) was expressed by baculovirus in Sf9 insect cells using an N-terminal GST tag. The VRK2 gene accession number is NM 006296.

Gene Aliases

(None)

Concentration

 $0.1 \, \mu g/\mu l$

Formulation

Recombinant protein stored in 50mM Tris-HCI, pH 7.5, 150mM NaCl, 10mM glutathione, 0.1mM EDTA, 0.25mM DTT, 0.1mM PMSF, 25% glycerol.

Storage, Shipping and Stability

Store product at -70°C. For optimal storage, aliquot target into smaller quantities after centrifugation and store at recommended temperature. For most favorable performance, avoid repeated handling and multiple freeze/thaw cycles. Stability is 1yr at -70°C from date of shipment. Product shipped on dry ice.

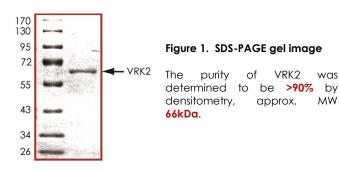
Scientific Background

VRK2 (also known as vaccinia related kinase 2) is a member of the vaccinia-related kinase (VRK) family of serine/threonine protein kinases. VRK2 is widely expressed in human tissues and highly expressed in actively dividing cells, such as those in testis, leukocytes, fetal liver and carcinomas (1). VRK2 can be used to phosphorylate casein and itself undergo autophosphorylation. VRK2 interacts specifically with Epstein-Barr virus BHRF1, a homologue of Bcl-2, and this interaction is involved in protecting cells from apoptosis (2).

References

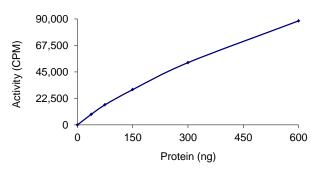
- Nezu, J. et.al: Identification of two novel human putative serine/threonine kinases, VRK1 and VRK2, with structural similarity to vaccinia virus B1R kinase. Genomics 45: 327-331, 1997.
- 2. Li, L.-Y. et.al: The cellular protein PRA1 modulates the antiapoptotic activity of Epstein-Barr virus BHRF1, a homologue of Bcl-2, through direct interaction. *J Biol Chem* 276, 27354– 27362, 2001.

Purity



Specific Activity

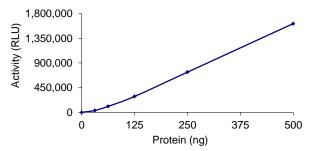
Figure 2. Radiometric Assay Data



The specific activity of VRK2 was determined to be 12 nmol/min/mg as per activity assay protocol.

(For Radiometric Assay Protocol on this product please see pg. 2)

Figure 3. ADP-Glo™ Assay Data



The specific activity of VRK2 was determined to be **40 nmol** /min/mg as per activity assay protocol.

(For ADP-Glo™ Assay Protocol on this product please see pg. 3)

Activity Assay Protocol

Reaction Components

Active Kinase (Catalog #: V02-11G)

Active VRK2 ($0.1\mu g/\mu l$) diluted with Kinase Dilution Buffer IV (Catalog #: K24-09) and assayed as outlined in sample activity plot. (Note: these are suggested working dilutions and it is recommended that the researcher perform a serial dilution of Active VRK2 for optimal results).

Kinase Dilution Buffer IV (Catalog #: K24-09)

Kinase Assay Buffer II (Catalog #: K02-09) diluted at a 1:4 ratio (5X dilution) with final $50ng/\mu I$ BSA solution.

Kinase Assay Buffer II (Catalog #: K02-09)

Buffer components: 25mM MOPS, pH 7. 2, 12.5mM β -glycerol-phosphate, 20mM MgC1₂, 12.5mM MnC1₂, 5mM EGTA, 2mM EDTA. Add 0.25mM DTT to Kinase Assay Buffer prior to use.

[33P]-ATP Assay Cocktail

Prepare 250 μ M [33P]-ATP Assay Cocktail in a designated radioactive working area by adding the following components: 150 μ l of 10mM ATP Stock Solution (Catalog #: A50-09), 100 μ l [33P]-ATP (1mCi/100 μ l), 5.75ml of Kinase Assay Buffer II (Catalog #: K02-09). Store 1ml aliquots at -20°C.

10mM ATP Stock Solution (Catalog #: A50-09)

Prepare ATP stock solution by dissolving 55mg of ATP in 10ml of Kinase Assay Buffer II (Catalog #: K02-09). Store 200 μ l aliquots at -20° C.

Substrate (Catalog #: C03-54N)

Casein Protein, diluted in distilled H_2O to a final concentration of $1\,\text{mg/ml}$.

Assay Protocol

- Step 1. Thaw [33P]-ATP Assay Cocktail in shielded container in a designated radioactive working area.
- Step 2. Thaw the Active VRK2, Kinase Assay Buffer, Substrate and Kinase Dilution Buffer on ice.
- Step 3. In a pre-cooled microfuge tube, add the following reaction components bringing the initial reaction volume up to 20 ul:
 - Component 1. 10µl of diluted Active VRK2 (Catalog #V02-11G)
 - Component 2. 5µl of 1mg/ml stock solution of substrate (Catalog #C03-54N)
 - Component 3. 5µl distilled H₂O (4°C)
- **Step 4.** Set up the blank control as outlined in step 3, excluding the addition of the substrate. Replace the substrate with an equal volume of distilled H₂O.
- Step 5. Initiate the reaction by the addition of 5μl [33P]-ATP Assay Cocktail bringing the final volume up to 25μl and incubate the mixture in a water bath at 30°C for 15 minutes.
- **Step 6.** After the 15 minute incubation period, terminate the reaction by spotting 20µl of the reaction mixture onto individual pre-cut strips of phosphocellulose P81 paper.
- **Step 7.** Air dry the pre-cut P81 strip and sequentially wash in a 1% phosphoric acid solution (dilute 10ml of phosphoric acid and make a 1L solution with distilled H₂O) with constant gentle stirring. It is recommended that the strips be washed a total of 3 intervals for approximately 10 minutes each.
- **Step 8.** Count the radioactivity on the P81 paper in the presence of scintillation fluid in a scintillation counter.
- **Step 9.** Determine the corrected cpm by removing the blank control value (see Step 4) for each sample and calculate the kinase specific activity as outlined below.

Calculation of [P³³]-ATP Specific Activity (SA) (cpm/pmol)

Specific activity (SA) = cpm for 5 μ l [33P]-ATP / pmoles of ATP (in 5 μ l of a 250 μ M ATP stock solution, i.e., 1250 pmoles)

Kinase Specific Activity (SA) (pmol/min/μg or nmol/min/mg)

Corrected cpm from reaction / [(SA of 33 P-ATP in cpm/pmol)*(Reaction time in min)*(Enzyme amount in μg or mg)]*[(Reaction Volume)]

ADP-Glo™ Activity Assay Protocol

Reaction Components

VRK2 Kinase Enzyme System (Promega, Catalog #:V4494)

VRK2, Active, 10µg (0.1µg/µl) Casein Protein, 1ml (1mg/ml) Reaction Buffer A (5X), 1.5ml DTT (0.1M), 25µl MnCl₂ Solution (2.5M), 25µl ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay Kit (Promega, Catalog #: V9101)

Ultra Pure ATP, 10 mM (0.5ml) ADP, 10 mM (0.5ml) ADP-Glo™ Reagent (5ml) Kinase Detection Buffer (10ml) Kinase Detection Substrate (Lyophilized)

Reaction Buffer A (5X)

200mM Tris-HCl, pH 7. 5, 100mM MgCl₂ and 0.5 mg/ml BSA.

Assay Protocol

The VRK2 assay is performed using the VRK2 Kinase Enzyme System (Promega; Catalog #: V4494) and ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay kit (Promega; Catalog #: V9101). The VRK2 reaction utilizes ATP and generates ADP. Then the ADP- Glo™ Reagent is added to simultaneously terminate the kinase reaction and deplete the remaining ATP. Finally, the Kinase Detection Reagent is added to convert ADP to ATP and the newly synthesized ATP is converted to light using the luciferase/luciferin reaction. For more detailed protocol regarding the ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay, see the technical Manual #TM313, available at www.promega.com/tbs/tm313/tm313.html.

- Step 1. Thaw the ADP-Glo™ Reagents at ambient temperature. Then prepare Kinase Detection Reagent by mixing Kinase Detection Buffer with the Lyophilized Kinase Detection Substrate. Set aside.
- Step 2. Thaw the components of VRK2 Enzyme System, ADP and ATP on ice.
- Step 3. Prepare 1ml of 2X Buffer by combining 400µl Reaction Buffer A, 1µl DTT, 1.6µl MnCl₂ and 597.4µl of dH₂0.
- Step 4. Prepare 1ml of 250μM ATP Assay Solution by adding 25μl ATP solution (10mM) to 500μl of 2X Buffer and 475μl of dH₂0.
- Step 5. Prepare diluted VRK2 in 1X Buffer (diluted from 2X buffer) as outlined in sample activity plot. (Note: these are suggested working dilutions and it is recommended that the researcher perform a serial dilution of Active VRK2 for optimal results).
- Step 6. In a white 96-well plate (Corning Cat # 3912), add the following reaction components bringing the initial reaction volume up to 20µl:

Component 1. 10µl of diluted Active VRK2

Component 2. 5µl of 1mg/ml stock solution of substrate

Component 3. 5µl of 2X Buffer

- Step 7. Set up the blank control as outlined in step 6, excluding the addition of the substrate. Replace the substrate with an equal volume of distilled H₂O.
- Step 8. At the same time as the VRK2 kinase reaction, set up an ATP to ADP conversion curve at 50µM ATP/ADP range as described in the ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay technical Manual #TM313.
- Step 9. Initiate the VRK2 reactions by the addition of 5μl of 250 μM ATP Assay Solution thereby bringing the final volume up to 25μl. Shake the plate and incubate the reaction mixture at 30°C for 15 minutes.
- Step 10. Terminate the reaction and deplete the remaining ATP by adding 25µl of ADP-Glo™ Reagent. Shake the 96-well plate and then incubate the reaction mixture for another 40 minute at ambient temperature.
- Step 11. Add 50µl of the Kinase Detection Reagent, shake the plate and then incubate the reaction mixture for another 30 minute at ambient temperature.
- Step 12. Read the 96-well reaction plate using the Kinase-Glo™ Luminescence Protocol on a GloMax® Microplate Luminometer (Promega; Cat # E6501).
- Step 13. Using the conversion curve, determine the amount of ADP produced (nmol) in the presence (step 6) and absence of substrate (Step 7) and calculate the kinase specific activity as outlined below. For a detailed protocol of how to determine nmols from RLUs, see Kinase Enzyme Systems Protocol at: http://www.promega.com/KESProtocol

Kinase Specific Activity (SA) (nmol/min/mg)

(ADP (step 6) - ADP (step 7)) in nmol) / (Reaction time in min)*(Enzyme amount in mg)