

## **Promega**

## **PCR Protocol**

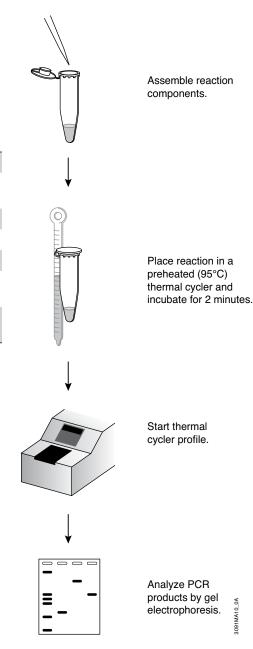
1. Combine the following components in a sterile 0.5–0.6ml microcentrifuge tube. The reaction volume can be scaled as long as the final concentrations remain constant.

	Component Volume	Component Volume	Final
Component	(25µI)	(50µl	Concentration
MgCl <sub>2</sub> , 25mM Solution	1.0-4.0µl	2.0-8.0µl	1.0-4.0mM
5X Colorless GoTaq® Flexi Buffer <b>0R</b> 5X Green GoTaq® Flexi Buffer	5µl	10µl	1.0X
PCR Nucleotide Mix, 10mM each	0.5µl	1μl	200µM each
upstream primer	2.5-25pmol	5-50pmol	0.1-1.0µM
downstream primer	2.5-25pmol	5-50pmol	0.1–1.0μM
GoTaq <sup>®</sup> DNA Polymerase, 5u/μl	0.125μΙ	0.25µl	0.625u/25µl 1.25u/50µl
template DNA	variable	variable	<0.25µg/25µl <0.5µg/50µl
Nuclease-Free Water to a final volume of	25µl	50µl	

- 2. If using a thermal cycler without a heated lid, overlay the reactions with 1–2 drops of mineral oil and centrifuge briefly.
- 3. Place the reactions in a thermal cycler that has been preheated to 95°C and incubate for 2 minutes.
- 4. Start the thermal cycling program. We recommend optimizing the cycling profile for each primer:target combination.

## **Analysis**

- 1. Analyze PCR products by agarose gel electrophoresis. The products should be readily visible in an ethidium bromide-stained gel illuminated with UV light.
- 2. Store PCR products at -20°C. The PCR products can be further purified using a system such as Wizard® SV Gel and PCR Clean-Up System (Cat.# A9281).



Additional protocol information is in Technical Bulletin #TB254, available online at: www.promega.com

